Minnesota State High School League Dance Team Competition CATEGORY & CRITERIA DEFINITIONS

Each category includes but is not limited to the following criteria as appropriate to team size. The three categories under each category shall be weighted equally.

	TECHNIQUE OF TURNS	TECHNIQUE OF KICKS
	Posture: body lines correct	Posture: body lines correct, no hunching, correct technique
S		use for each type of kick
	Upper Body Placement: carriage lifted, shoulders	Upper Body Placement: carriage lifted, shoulders down,
S	down, correct arm placement, accurate spotting	strong arm connections, consistent head placement
ΙŹ	Lower Body Placement: hip and leg placement,	Lower Body Placement: hip and leg placement, extension
LS.	passes connected, releves lifted, extension through	through foot
SKIL	foot	
	TECHNIQUE OF LEAPS & JUMPS	KICK HEIGHT
	Height	Height
	Extension: extension through foot	Uniformity
	Alignment: body lines correct	Consistency Throughout Routine

	CREATIVITY
±	Musicality: Use of music to enhance choreography through tempo variations, vocal and instrumental interpretations,
ΑP	blending of music and movement
3	Originality: not easily transposed, connection of choreography to music, unique movements and choreography
0	Variety: movements and choreography not repeated
RE	VISUAL EFFECTIVENESS
ō	Levels: use of levels, directions and planes
ㅎ	Groups: use of groupwork or featuring/highlighting enhances visual appeal
	Use of Floor: routine covers different zones of floor space

	DIFFICULTY OF CHOREOGRAPHY	
	Quality of Movement: movement through routine is nov	el (not repetitive) and demonstrates intentional artistry, a
	variety of movements are used	
	Complexity: high level of content, use of layering and d	ynamic choreography, intricate use of music and counts,
	variety of tempo in choreography, percentage of dancers	
_	Distribution of Movement: variety and complexity of ch	oreography throughout routine
DIFFICULTY	DIFFICULTY OF FORMATIONS & TRANSITIONS	
	Variety: transitions and formations not repeated, variety and complexity of movements used to transition	
	Distribution: number of formations and transitions distributed consistently through routine	
	Intricacy and Planning: use of patterns and clear pathways in well-thought-out ways	
_	DIFFICULTY OF SKILLS	DIFFICULTY OF KICKS
	Combinations: of turns, leaps, jumps, flexibility	Combinations: of kicks, preps and linking styles
	movements	
	Variety and Distribution: uses ambidexterity,	Variety and Distribution: uses ambidexterity, distribution of
	distribution of turns, leaps, and skills throughout routine	kicks throughout routine
	Pace: rate and tempo composition of skills	Pace: rate and tempo composition of kicks

	PLACEMENT & CONTROL
EXECUTION	Placement: awareness of body, movements positioned correctly
	Control: articulation of movement, strength of movement
	Consistency Throughout Routine
	DEGREE OF ACCURACY
	Memory: lack of hesitations, personal knowledge
	Timing and Unity: synchronization of movements within dancers
	Spacing: spatial awareness, formations and transitions achieved by all dancers.

ROUTINE EFFECTIVENESS			
Overall Impression: connection to routine, authenticity, attention not drawn to any particular dancer			
Stamina: dancers properly conditioned to execute routine			
Confidence and Expression: natural spirit projection, enjoyment of the dancers			